

Transit Planning Committee

Steve Brock, Chair

December 4, 2025

Regional Transit Planning Committee Meeting Thursday, December 4, 2025 Proposed Agenda

- I. Call to Order Steve Brock, Chair
- II. Approval of the Meeting Minutes for October 2, 2025
- III. Approval of the Agenda for December 4, 2025
- IV. FY25 Transit Trust Fund Awards Action Item
- V. FY24 Transit Trust Fund Gwinnett County Amendment
- VI. Air Quality Update
- VII. Adjournment





FY25 Transit Trust Fund Awards

Abby Marinelli

Director of Planning

December 4, 2025

Staff Recommendations

Applicant Organization Name*	Project Name	Competitive	Customer Focus	Cross- County Connectivity
AACIDs	AV Demonstration Pilot with Glydways			
ARC	2027 Transit On-Board Survey			
Cherokee Area Transit Service (CATS)	Admin/ Ops Building Construction			
Clayton County BOC	Southern Crescent Regional Transit Plan - 2026 Update			
CobbLinc	Microtransit Pilot Project - Acworth/ Kennesaw area			
Connect Douglas	Fare Elasticity and Future Transit Funding Study			
Cumberland CID	Cumberland Sweep – Segment D Transit Improvements			
DeKalb County	DeKalb County Master Transit Plan			
Henry County	AFC2.0 Implementation - Join Regional System			
Henry County	Bus Purchase to support new fixed route service			
MARTA	AFC2.0 Implementation - MARTA Only			
Perimeter CID	Last Mile Transit Connectivity Feasibility Study			
True North 400 CID	Last Mile Feasibility Study and Design			



Staff Recommendations

Applicant Organization Name	Project Name	Total Project Cost	TTF Amount Requested	TTF Award	Regional Reserve*	TOTAL AWARD	Sponsor Contribution	% of Total Project Cost Supported by Award
AACIDs	AV Demonstration Pilot with Glydways	\$ 18,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$ -	\$3,000,000	\$ 15,000,000	17%
ARC	2027 Transit On-Board Survey	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$1,600,000	20%
Cherokee Area Transit Service (CATS)	Admin/ Ops Building Construction	\$ 6,625,925	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 5,625,925	15%
Clayton County BOC	Southern Crescent Regional Transit Plan - 2026 Update	\$3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 700,000	\$2,800,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ `-	100%
CobbLinc	Microtransit Pilot Project - Acworth/ Kennesaw area	\$ 6,400,000	\$ 5,120,000	\$3,840,000	\$ -	\$ 3,840,000	\$ 2,560,000	60%
Connect Douglas	Fare Elasticity and Future Transit Funding Study	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$ -	100%
Cumberland CID	Cumberland Sweep – Segment D Transit Improvements	\$ 1,890,000	\$ 1,890,000	\$ 1,890,000	\$ -	\$ 1,890,000	\$ -	100%
DeKalb County	DeKalb County Master Transit Plan	\$ 1,125,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 625,000	\$ -	\$ 625,000	\$ 500,000	56%
Henry County	AFC2.0 Implementation - Join Regional System	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	\$ -	\$ 240,000	\$ -	100%
Henry County	Bus Purchase to support new fixed route service	\$ 243,000	\$ 48,600	\$ 48,600	\$ -	\$ 48,600	\$ 194,400	20%
MARTA	AFC2.0 Implementation – MARTA Only	\$ 207,286,828	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 206,036,828	3 1%
Perimeter CID	Last Mile Transit Connectivity Feasibility Study	\$ 150,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ -	100%
True North 400 CID	Last Mile Feasibility Study and Design	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	- 100%
TOTAL		\$ 249,860,753	\$ 26,073,600	\$ 15,543,600	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 18,343,600	\$ 231,517,153	61% (Avg.)



ATL Regional Project Recommendations

Project Name	Competitiveness	Customer Focus	Cross-County Connectivity	
 IPECs Study (Phase 2 – Service Planning) TTF as 20% on Federal funds \$150,000 TTF 				
 New Front End for ATL Rides TTF as 20% on Federal funds \$524,805 TTF ATL RIDES back-end data warehouse will remain 				
 Regional Remix Software License Renewal TTF as 20% on Federal funds \$200,000 TTF 				



Transit Trust Fund Balance Sheet

► If awarded as recommended:

	FY25
TTF Appropriation to ATL	\$20,012,973
Recommended Awards	(\$15,543,600)
Balance for the Atlanta region	\$4,469,373
ATL Regional Projects	(\$874,805)
New Balance for the Atlanta region	\$3,594,568



Transit Trust Fund Balance Sheet

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Balance for the Atlanta region	\$4,469,373
ATL Regional Projects	(\$874,805)
New Balance for the Atlanta region	\$3,594,568
MARTA Application Under Consideration	(\$3,594,568)
New Balance for the Atlanta region	\$0

Action at the Board Meeting

Will request approval of awards during today's Board meeting







FY24 Transit Trust Fund Gwinnett County Amendment

Abby Marinelli

Director of Planning

December 4, 2025

Gwinnett County's Original FY24 Award

- ➤ ATL originally awarded \$1,128,450 to Gwinnett County for a microtransit project in the Buford-Sugar Hill area
 - Pilot project
 - 2 years
- Gwinnett County built local partnerships to help fund microtransit



Gwinnett County's Request

- On October 21, 2025, Gwinnett County requested that ATL amend the award to change the zone served
- New zone is proposed as the Central Business District
 - Gwinnett Place
 - Norcross
 - Gas South District
 - Duluth
- ► 15 square miles
- ► 40,000 residents



Gwinnett County's Request

- No change in award amount
- Six dedicated vehicles to be purchased
- Service to start 4th quarter 2026
- 2 years of service funded



Next Steps

- First read of award amendment today
- Action to be requested at the February Board meeting





Air Quality Update

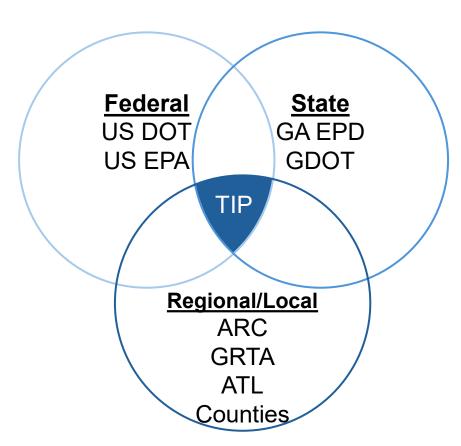
Abby Marinelli

Director of Planning

December 4, 2025

Air Quality Reporting in the Atlanta Region

- Air quality standards and targets are required in a variety of transportation plans, and reporting on those standards and targets impacts transportation funding at the federal and state levels
- ► The Transportation Improvement Program ("TIP") requires a successful air quality "Conformity Determination" to allow federal transportation funds to flow into the region
- ARC produces the TIP document, and all agencies in the graphic have a role in the development process





ATL's Role in Air Quality Reporting

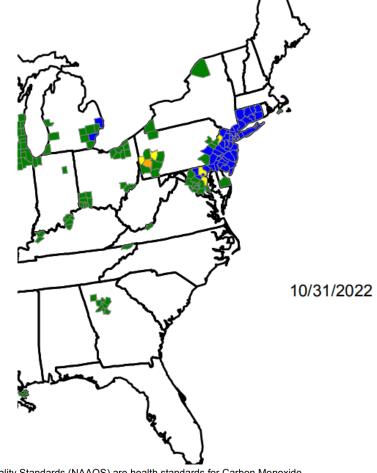
- O.C.G.A § 50-39-13(b) states that ATL "shall formulate measurable targets for air quality improvement and standards within the geographic area over which [ATL] has jurisdiction"
- ➤ Georgia Environmental Protection Division (GA EPD) is the primary state agency charged with monitoring the state's air quality and enforcing air quality regulations
- ➤ Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) is the primary state agency supporting the transportation air-quality nexus through target setting and performance monitoring to ensure plans and projects meet air quality standards
- ➤ To streamline efficiency with air quality reporting across State agencies for 2025, ATL will:
 - Use current National Ambient Air Quality Standards created by US EPA
 - Use PM3 targets developed and adopted by GDOT and ARC



Air Quality Standards

National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)

- Required by the Clean Air Act for the protection of human health
- ➤ Set by EPA and reviewed every 5 years
- Six criteria pollutants:
 - Ground-level Ozone (O3)
 - Particle Pollution (PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀)
 - Lead (Pb)
 - Carbon Monoxide (CO)
 - Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)
 - Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)



^{*} The National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) are health standards for Carbon Monoxide, Lead (1978 and 2008), Nitrogen Dioxide, 8-hour Ozone (2008), Particulate Matter (PM-10 and PM-2.5 (1997, 2006 and 2012), and Sulfur Dioxide.(1971 and 2010)

^{**} Included in the counts are counties designated for NAAQS and revised NAAQS pollutants.

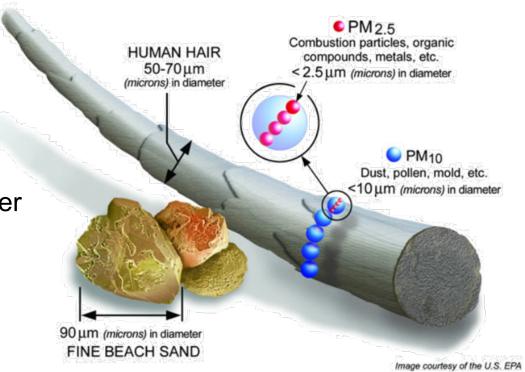
Revoked 1-hour (1979) and 8-hour Ozone (1997) are excluded. Partial counties, those with part of the county designated nonattainment and part attainment, are shown as full counties on the map.



Fine Particulate Matter $(PM_{2.5})$

- ► Easily inhaled deep into the lungs → linked with significant health problems, including:
 - Premature death in people with heart or lung disease
 - Nonfatal heart attacks
 - Irregular heartbeat
 - Aggravated asthma
 - Decreased lung function
 - Increased respiratory symptoms

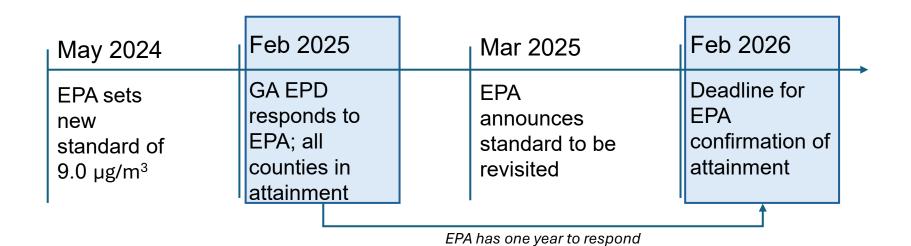
Found in brake dust among other transportation sources





Fine Particulate Matter $(PM_{2.5})$ Standards

- ▶ 1997 PM_{2.5} NAAQS
 - 15.0 µg/m³
 - 22 counties designated as "Nonattainment" as of April 5, 2005
 - The Atlanta region was designated as "in attainment" of the NAAQS as of February 24, 2016.





Ground-level Ozone (O3)

- Secondary pollutant (not directly emitted)
 - Forms in the presence of NOx, VOCs, and heat/light
 - "Ozone season" is March 1 October 31
- Affects human health
 - Asthma
 - Emphysema
 - Wheezing and shortness of breath
 - Inflamed airways
 - Scarred lung tissue
- NOx and VOCs emitted from tailpipes and other transportation sources

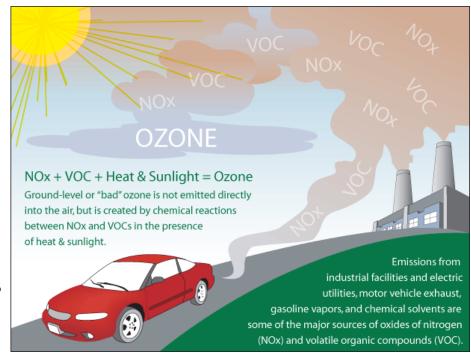


Image source: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency http://www.airnow.gov/

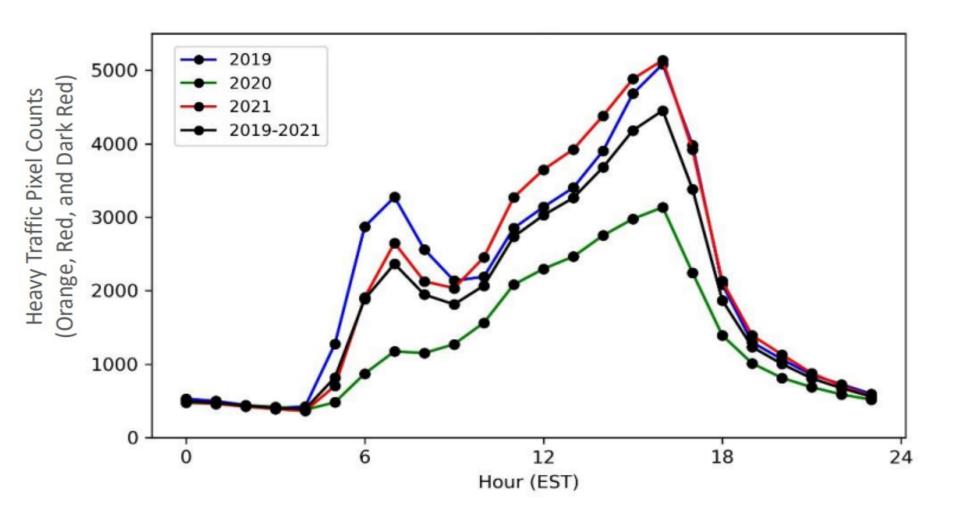


Ground-level Ozone (O3) Standards

- ► 1979,1997, 2008, 2015 NAAQS
 - Up to 20 counties designated as "Nonattainment" at various points
 - All counties redesignated as "Attainment/Maintenance" as of November 16, 2022
- ➤ As of December 31, 2020, EPA retained the current ozone standard

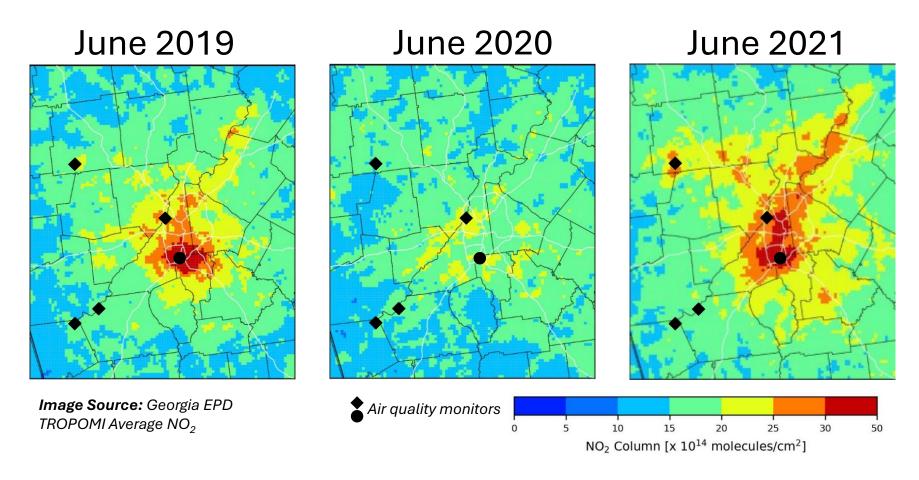


Changing traffic patterns affect emissions





NOx Concentrations Over Time



- ► Factors influencing dispersion modeling include prevailing wind patterns, precipitation patterns, monitor locations, etc.
- Non-travel behavior factors (such as the Federal CAFE standards for auto manufacturers) have contributed to improved air quality in the region



Air Quality Targets

Current Targets in the Atlanta Region

Performance Measure	2-year Target 2022-2023	4-year Target 2022-2025
Total Emissions Reduction	VOC: 157.200 kg/day; NOx: 510.900 kg/day	VOC: 257.100 kg/day; NOx: 904.200 kg/day
Annual Hours of Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Per Capita	23.7 hours	27.2 hours
Percent of Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle (SOV) Travel	22.7%	22.7%

Source: GDOT Office of Planning

- Performance Management Targets adopted by GDOT and ARC
 - Covers 4 years: 2022-2025
 - New targets will be developed for 2026-2029



ATL's Role is Air Quality Reporting

- O.C.G.A § 50-39-13(b) states that ATL "shall formulate measurable targets for air quality improvement and standards within the geographic area over which [ATL] has jurisdiction"
- GA EPD and GDOT are the primary state agencies charged with developing and maintaining air quality targets for the state and regions throughout Georgia
- ➤ To ensure efficiency with air quality reporting across State agencies, ATL for 2025 will:
 - Use current National Ambient Air Quality Standards created by US EPA
 - Use PM3 targets developed and adopted by GDOT and ARC
- ► ATL staff will review additional opportunities for streamlining its Air Quality role in the context of other State reporting agencies
 - Will report back to the Board in future months



